



## **VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**

Stock code: 03095 (HKD) | 83095 (RMB)

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust

# **2019** ANNUAL REPORT

For the year ended 31 March 2019



**Value Partners Hong Kong Limited**

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*In the event of inconsistency, the English text of this Annual Report shall prevail over the Chinese text.  
This report shall not constitute an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy shares in any of the funds.  
Subscriptions are to be made only on the basis of the information contained in the prospectus, as  
supplemented by the latest semi-annual and annual reports.*

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## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Manager and RQFII Holder

Value Partners Hong Kong Limited  
43rd Floor, The Center  
99 Queen's Road Central  
Hong Kong

#### Investment Adviser

Sensible Asset Management Hong Kong Limited  
43rd Floor, The Center  
99 Queen's Road Central  
Hong Kong

#### Directors of Manager and RQFII Holder

Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye  
Mr. So Chun Ki Louis  
Mr. Ho Man Kei, Norman

#### Directors of the Investment Adviser

Mr. So Chun Ki Louis  
Dr. Au King Lun  
Mr. Quah Kung Beng David  
(appointed on 2 May 2018)  
Mr. Cheung Kin Yan  
(appointed on 13 March 2019)  
Mr. Roger Anthony Hepper  
(resigned on 13 March 2019)  
Mr. Mak Ling Kai  
(resigned on 17 January 2019)

#### Trustee and Register

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited  
1 Queen's Road Central  
Hong Kong

#### Custodian

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking  
Corporation Limited  
1 Queen's Road Central  
Hong Kong

#### PRC Custodian

HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited  
33/F, HSBC Building  
Shanghai IFC  
8 Century Avenue  
Pudong  
Shanghai 200120  
China

#### Legal Advisor

Simmons & Simmons  
13th Floor, One Pacific Place  
88 Queensway  
Hong Kong

#### Auditor

Ernst & Young  
22/F, CITIC Tower  
1 Tim Mei Avenue  
Central  
Hong Kong

#### Information available from:

Value Partners Hong Kong Limited  
43rd Floor, The Center  
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Website : [www.valueETF.com.hk](http://www.valueETF.com.hk)

## GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

### Recent awards and achievements

Corporate awards (ETF)	
2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Benchmark Fund of the Year Awards 2017, Hong Kong House Award (ETF) – Commodity ETF (Outstanding Achiever) for Sensible Asset Management</b> – <i>Benchmark</i></li> </ul>
2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best ETF Launch</b> – <i>Asia Asset Management &amp; ETFI Asia</i></li> <li>• <b>Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best Commodity ETF</b> – <i>Asia Asset Management &amp; ETFI Asia</i></li> <li>• <b>Value Partners ETF and Indexing Awards 2016 – Best Smart Beta ETF</b> – <i>Asia Asset Management &amp; ETFI Asia</i></li> </ul>
Value China A-Share ETF	
2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>2017 HKCAMA – Bloomberg Offshore China Fund Awards Best Tracking Error (ETF) – First Runner-up</b> – <i>HKCAMA &amp; Bloomberg</i></li> </ul>

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

### MANAGER'S REPORT

Value China A-Share ETF ("the Sub-Fund") is an index-tracking exchange traded fund whose units are listed and traded on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Sub-Fund aims to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index ("the Index") by holding a portfolio of the constituent stocks of the Index. The Index comprises 50 value stocks amongst Chinese companies' shares listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and Shenzhen Stock Exchange.

As at 29 March 2019, the Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Sub-Fund was RMB6.8023, and 15,500,000 units were outstanding. The total size of the Sub-Fund was approximately RMB105.4 million.

A summary of the performance of the Index and the Sub-Fund is given below.

	<b>From 1 April 2018 to 29 March 2019</b>	<b>2019 YTD (as at 29 March)</b>	<b>Since inception</b>
FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index	+6.8%	+21.8%	+13.8%
Value China A-Share ETF	+5.0%	+21.5%	+7.2%

The difference in performance between the FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index and the Value China A-Share ETF is mainly attributed to fees and expenses, and security misweightings. The historical tracking error for the NAV of the Fund against the FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index was at 133 basis points on an annualized basis since its inception on 20 March 2015.

#### Value Partners Hong Kong Limited

19 July 2019

*All performance figures are sourced from HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited and Bloomberg, in RMB, NAV to NAV with dividends reinvested, as at 29 March 2019. Performance data is net of all fees.*

*Investors should note that investment involve risk. The price of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not indicative of future results.*

## **STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE MANAGER AND THE TRUSTEE**

### **Manager's responsibilities**

The Manager of Value China A-Share ETF is required by the Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds established by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the "SFC Code") and the Trust Deed dated 12 March 2015, as amended, (the "Trust Deed"), to prepare financial statements for each annual accounting period which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund at the end of that period and of the transactions for the period then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are prudent and reasonable; and
- prepare the financial statements on the basis that the Sub-Fund will continue in operation unless it is inappropriate to presume this.

The Manager is also required to manage the Sub-Fund in accordance with the Trust Deed and take reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Trustee's responsibilities**

The Trustee of the Sub-Fund is required to:

- ensure that the Sub-Fund is managed by the Manager in accordance with the Trust Deed and that the investment and borrowing powers are complied with;
- satisfy itself that sufficient accounting and other records have been maintained;
- safeguard the property of the Sub-Fund and rights attaching thereto; and
- report to the unitholders for each annual accounting period on the conduct of the Manager in the management of the Sub-Fund.

## **VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
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### **TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**

We hereby confirm that, in our opinion, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed Value China A-Share ETF in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed of the Sub-Fund dated 12 March 2015, as amended, for the year ended 31 March 2019.

For and on behalf of  
**HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited**

Trustee  
19 July 2019



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE PARTNERS ETFS TRUST – VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**

### **Report on the audit of the financial statements**

#### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of Value China A-Share ETF (a sub-fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust (the “Trust”) and referred to as the “Sub-Fund”) set out on pages 12 to 42, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Sub-Fund as at 31 March 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”).

#### ***Basis for opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (“ISAs”). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Sub-Fund in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (“the Code”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### ***Key audit matters***

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor’s responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements.

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE PARTNERS ETFS TRUST – VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF (Continued)

Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

#### *Key audit matters (Continued)*

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Existence and valuation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	
The financial assets at fair value through profit or loss included in the statement of financial position of the Sub-Fund were listed shares on the Shanghai Stock Exchange and Shenzhen Stock Exchange at 31 March 2019, which represented over 90% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. There were 50 constituent listed shares in the Sub-Fund. These financial assets were kept by a custodian and measured at fair value as set out in Notes 2 and 10 to the financial statements.	We obtained independent confirmation from the custodian of the entire investment portfolio held at 31 March 2019, and agreed the quantity held to the accounting records. We tested the design and operating effectiveness of controls for the valuation of financial instruments. In addition, we independently checked the valuation of the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are quoted in active markets against third party vendor sources at 31 March 2019.

#### *Other information included in the Annual Report*

The Trustee and the Manager are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE PARTNERS ETFS TRUST – VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF (Continued)**

### **Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)**

#### ***Responsibilities of the Trustee and the Manager for the financial statements***

The Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB, and for such internal control as the Trustee and the Manager determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are responsible for assessing the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee and the Manager either intend to liquidate the Sub-Fund or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

In addition, the Trustee and the Manager of the Sub-Fund are required to ensure that the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the *Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds* (the "SFC Code") issued by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission.

#### ***Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. In addition, we are required to assess whether the financial statements of the Sub-Fund have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE PARTNERS ETFS TRUST – VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF (Continued)

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)

#### *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Sub-Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Trustee and the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Trustee's and the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Sub-Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF VALUE PARTNERS ETFS TRUST – VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF (Continued)**

### **Report on the audit of the financial statements (Continued)**

#### ***Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (Continued)***

We communicate with the Trustee and the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Trustee and the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Trustee and the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on matters under the relevant provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code**

In our opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant disclosure provisions of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ms. Christine Lin.

**Ernst & Young**  
22/F, CITIC Tower  
1 Tim Mei Avenue  
Central  
Hong Kong

19 July 2019

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2018</b> <i>RMB</i>
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4, 10	105,745,858	106,770,401
Prepayments and other receivables		18,059	16,406
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 7(c)	<u>67,359</u>	<u>260,551</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>105,831,276</u>	<u>107,047,358</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Audit fees payable		151,876	102,680
Management fees payable	7(a)	31,044	38,937
Trustee and registrar fees payable	7(b)	8,293	–
Other payables		<u>204,442</u>	<u>254,099</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<u>395,655</u>	<u>395,716</u>
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>		<u>105,435,621</u>	<u>106,651,642</u>
<b>Represented by:</b>			
Net assets attributable to unitholders		<u>105,435,621</u>	<u>106,651,642</u>
<b>Net asset value per unit based on 15,500,000</b>			
<b>(2018: 16,000,000) units outstanding</b>	8	<u>6.8023</u>	<u>6.6657</u>

Approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 19 July 2019.

Signed by:

**Value Partners Hong Kong Limited, *Manager***

**HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited, *Trustee***

The notes on pages 16 to 42 form part of these financial statements.

**VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2018</b> <i>RMB</i>
Dividend income		3,102,528	3,620,226
Interest income		3,705	5,420
Net gains from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	2,906,890	12,869,036
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains		(11,683)	21,910
Other income		<u>9,276</u>	<u>186,549</u>
<b>Net investment income</b>		<u>6,010,716</u>	<u>16,703,141</u>
Management fees	7(a)	97,577	192,910
Trustee and registrar fees	7(b)	88,381	11,070
Transaction fees		195,899	231,530
Auditor's remuneration		153,273	113,091
Legal and professional fees		113,596	117,008
Bank charges	7(c)	167	156
Listing fee		12,845	21,433
Information service fee		214,850	553,542
Other operating expenses		<u>310,829</u>	<u>238,279</u>
<b>Operating expenses</b>		<u>1,187,417</u>	<u>1,479,019</u>
<b>Profit before taxation</b>		4,823,299	15,224,122
Withholding tax	6	<u>(310,570)</u>	<u>(373,139)</u>
<b>Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<u>4,512,729</u>	<u>14,850,983</u>

The notes on pages 16 to 42 form part of these financial statements.

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2018</b> <i>RMB</i>
<b>BALANCE AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>		<u>106,651,642</u>	<u>135,869,659</u>
Redemption of redeemable units	8	<u>(3,093,750)</u>	<u>(40,924,000)</u>
Net decrease from unit transactions		(3,093,750)	(40,924,000)
Distributions to unitholders	9	<u>(2,635,000)</u>	<u>(3,145,000)</u>
<b>TOTAL TRANSACTIONS WITH UNITHOLDERS</b>		<u>(5,728,750)</u>	<u>(44,069,000)</u>
<b>PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR</b>		<u>4,512,729</u>	<u>14,850,983</u>
<b>BALANCE AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>		<u><u>105,435,621</u></u>	<u><u>106,651,642</u></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 42 form part of these financial statements.



**VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	<i>Notes</i>	<b>2019</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2018</b> <i>RMB</i>
<b>OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Dividends received		3,102,528	3,620,226
Interest income received		3,706	5,436
Proceeds from sales of investments		52,561,099	77,545,054
Purchase of investments		(48,629,666)	(35,659,963)
Operating expenses paid		(1,191,539)	(1,110,820)
Withholding tax paid		(310,570)	(373,139)
		<u>5,535,558</u>	<u>44,026,794</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
Payments on redemption of redeemable units		(3,093,750)	(40,924,000)
Distributions paid to unitholders	9	(2,635,000)	(3,145,000)
		<u>(5,728,750)</u>	<u>(44,069,000)</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>			
<b>NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>		(193,192)	(42,206)
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR</b>		<u>260,551</u>	<u>302,757</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR</b>		<u><u>67,359</u></u>	<u><u>260,551</u></u>
<b>ANALYSIS OF BALANCES OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>			
Cash at banks	7(c)	<u><u>67,359</u></u>	<u><u>260,551</u></u>

The notes on pages 16 to 42 form part of these financial statements.

# VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. GENERAL

Value China A-Share ETF (the “Sub-Fund”) is an open ended unit trust governed by its Trust Deed dated 12 March 2015 (the “Trust Deed”), as amended from time to time under the laws of Hong Kong. The Sub-Fund is authorised by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission (the “SFC”) under Section 104(1) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (“HKSF”), and is governed by the Hong Kong Code on Unit Trusts and Mutual Funds of the SFC (the “SFC Code”).

The Sub-Fund commenced trading under the stock codes 83095 (RMB counter) and 03095 (HKD counter) on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“SEHK”) on 24 March 2015.

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index (the “Index”).

In seeking to achieve the Sub-Fund’s investment objective, Value Partners Hong Kong Limited (the “Manager”) will use a full replication strategy through investing directly in A Share included in the Index in substantially the same weightings in which they are included in the Index, through the Renminbi Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor (“RQFII”) investment quota granted to the Manager by the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (“SAFE”) and the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect (“Stock Connect”). The Manager may invest up to 100% of the Sub-Fund’s net asset value through either RQFII and/or the Shanghai-Hong Kong Stock Connect. The Manager will not adopt representative sampling as an investment strategy.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee of the IASB and the relevant disclosure provision of the Trust Deed and the relevant disclosure provisions of Appendix E of the SFC Code. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Sub-Fund is set out below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund has not applied any amendments and new standards that are not yet effective for the current accounting period (see Note 14).

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **(b) Basis of preparation**

The functional currency of the financial statements of the Sub-Fund is Renminbi (“RMB”) reflecting the fact that most of the transactions are denominated in RMB.

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss. These financial statements are presented in RMB.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of financial position that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### **(c) Foreign currency translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates of transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to RMB at the foreign currency closing exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period. Foreign currency exchange differences arising on translation and realised gains and losses on disposals or settlements of monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated to RMB at the foreign currency exchange rates ruling at the dates that the values were determined. Foreign currency exchange differences relating to trading investments are included in gains and losses on investments. All other foreign currency exchange differences relating to monetary items, including cash and cash equivalents, are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

##### (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

In the current period, the Sub-Fund has adopted IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*. See note 13 for an explanation of the impact. Comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2018 have not been restated. Therefore, financial instruments in the comparative period are still accounted for in accordance with IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

##### (iA) Classification – Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9)

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets and financial liabilities at initial recognition into the categories of financial assets and financial liabilities discussed below. In applying that classification, a financial asset or financial liability is considered to be held for trading if:

- (i) It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term;
- (ii) On initial recognition, it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which, there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- (iii) It is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

##### *Financial assets*

The Sub-Fund classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss on the basis of both:

- The entity's business model for managing the financial assets; and
- The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

##### *Financial assets measured at amortised cost*

A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. The Sub-Fund includes in this category short-term non-financing receivables including accrued income.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)**

##### **(iA) Classification – Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9) (Continued)**

###### *Financial assets (Continued)*

###### *Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)*

A financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if:

- (i) Its contractual terms do not give rise to cash flows on specified dates that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding;
- (ii) It is not held within a business model whose objective is either to collect contractual cash flows, or to both collect contractual cash flows and sell; or
- (iii) At initial recognition, it is irrevocably designated as measured at FVPL when doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

The Sub-Fund includes in this category:

- Instruments held for trading; this category includes equity instruments which are acquired principally for the purpose of generating a profit from short-term fluctuations in price.

###### *Financial liabilities*

###### *Financial liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL)*

A financial liability is measured at FVPL if it meets the definition of held for trading.

###### *Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost*

This category includes all financial liabilities, other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Sub-Fund includes in this category other short-term payables.

##### **(iB) Classification – Policy effective before 1 April 2018 (IAS 39)**

Financial assets that are classified as loans and receivables include prepayments and other receivables.

Financial liabilities that are not designated at fair value through profit or loss include accounts payable.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

##### (d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

###### (ii) Recognition

The Sub-Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A regular way purchase of financial assets is recognised using trade date accounting. From this date, any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities are recorded.

Financial liabilities are not recognised unless one of the parties has performed its obligations under the contract or the contract is a derivative contract not exempted from the scope of International Accounting Standard 39 (“IAS 39”).

###### (iii) Measurement

Financial instruments are measured initially at fair value (transaction price). Transaction costs on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately, while on other financial instruments they are amortised.

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial instruments are measured at fair value with changes in the fair value recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets classified as loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses, if any.

Financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate.

###### (iv) Fair value measurement principles

The Sub-Fund measures its equity investments at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on their quoted market price at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling cost. The Sub-Fund utilises the last traded price for both listed financial assets and liabilities.

The Sub-Fund uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **(d) Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)**

##### **(iv) Fair value measurement principles (Continued)**

- Level 1 – based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly
- Level 3 – based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Sub-Fund determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

##### **(v) Derecognition**

The Sub-Fund derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with IAS 39.

The Sub-Fund uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition. A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired.

#### **(e) Impairment of financial assets**

##### **(i) Policy effective from 1 April 2018 (IFRS 9)**

The Sub-Fund holds only receivables with no financing component and which have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost and, as such, has chosen to apply an approach similar to the simplified approach for expected credit losses (“ECLs”) under IFRS 9 to all its trade receivables. Therefore, the Sub-Fund does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

The Sub-Fund’s approach to ECLs reflects a probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### (e) Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

##### (ii) Policy effective before 1 April 2018 (IAS 39)

Financial assets that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. If any such indication exists, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period, the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

#### (f) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises current deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts where applicable.

#### (g) Income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend income relating to exchange-traded equity securities is recognised in profit or loss on the ex-dividend date. In some cases, the Sub-Fund may choose to receive dividends in the form of additional shares rather than cash. In such cases, the Sub-Fund recognises the dividend income for the amount of the cash dividend alternative with the corresponding debit treated as an additional investment.

#### (h) Expenses

All expenses, including management fees and trustee and registrar fees, are recognised in profit or loss on an accrual basis.



## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **(i) Foreign exchange gains and losses**

Foreign exchange gains and losses on financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recognised together with other changes in the fair value. Included in the statement of comprehensive income, net foreign exchange gains/(losses) are foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary financial assets and financial liabilities other than those classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss.

#### **(j) Taxation**

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

In some jurisdictions, investment income and capital gains are subject to withholding tax deducted at the source of the income. The Sub-Fund presents the withholding tax separately from the gross investment income in the statement of comprehensive income. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash inflows from investments are presented net of withholding taxes, when applicable.

#### **(k) Redeemable units**

The Sub-Fund classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments.

The Sub-Fund has only one class of redeemable units in issue and they are the most subordinate class of financial instrument in the Sub-Fund. The redeemable units provide unitholders with the right to require redemption for cash at a value proportionate to the unitholder's share in the Sub-Fund's net assets at each redemption date and also in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation.

A puttable financial instrument that includes a contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem that instrument for cash or another financial asset is classified as equity if it meets all of the following conditions:

- it entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Sub-Fund's net assets in the event of the Sub-Fund's liquidation;
- it is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments;
- all financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features;
- apart from the contractual obligation for the Sub-Fund to repurchase or redeem the instrument for cash or another financial asset, the instrument does not include any other features that would require classification as a liability; and

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

##### (k) Redeemable units (Continued)

- the total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over its life are based substantially on profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition to the redeemable units having all the above features, the Sub-Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- (a) total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognised net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognised and unrecognised net assets of the Sub-Fund; and
- (b) the effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the redeemable unitholders.

The Sub-Fund's redeemable units meet these conditions and are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue or redemption of redeemable units are recognised directly in equity as a deduction from the proceeds or part of the acquisition cost.

##### *Repurchase of redeemable units*

When redeemable units recognised as equity are redeemed, the amount paid on the redemption of the units is presented as a deduction from total equity.

##### (l) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Sub-Fund if:

- (a) the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Sub-Fund;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Sub-Fund; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Sub-Fund or of a parent of the Sub-Fund;

or

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

#### **(l) Related parties (Continued)**

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
- (i) the entity and the Sub-Fund are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Sub-Fund are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Sub-Fund or an entity related to the Sub-Fund;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Sub-Fund or to the parent of the Sub-Fund.

#### **(m) Segment reporting**

An operating segment is a component of the Sub-Fund that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Sub-Fund's other components, whose operating results are reviewed regularly by the chief operating decision maker to make decisions about resources allocated to the segment and assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available. Segment results that are reported to the chief operating decision maker include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. The chief operating decision maker of the Sub-Fund is identified as the Manager.

#### **(n) Distributions to unitholders**

Distributions are at the discretion of the Sub-Fund. A distribution to the Sub-Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from net assets attributable to unitholders. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Manager.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Sub-Fund's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts recognised in the financial statements and disclosure of contingent liabilities. However, uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

##### **Judgements**

In the process of applying the Sub-Fund's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

##### *Going concern*

The Sub-Fund's management has made an assessment of the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern and is satisfied that the Sub-Fund has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future. Furthermore, management is not aware of any material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt upon the Sub-Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. Therefore, the financial statements continue to be prepared on the going concern basis.

##### **Estimates and assumptions**

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Sub-Fund based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to market changes or circumstances arising beyond the control of the Sub-Fund. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

##### *Fair value of financial instruments*

When the fair values of financial assets recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be derived from active markets, their fair value is determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. The estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty's), correlation and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments in the statement of financial position and the level where the instruments are disclosed in the fair value hierarchy. The models are tested for validity by calibrating to prices from any observable current market transactions in the same instrument (without modification or repackaging) when available. To assess the significance of a particular input to the entire measurement, the Sub-Fund may perform sensitivity analysis or stress testing techniques.

## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT**

The investment objective of the Sub-Fund is to provide investment results that, before fees and expenses, closely correspond to the performance of the Index.

The Sub-Fund invests in listed securities and it is exposed to market risk (which includes foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and concentration risk arising from the financial instruments held.

The Sub-Fund's overall financial risk management program focuses on the analysis, evaluation and management of financial risks and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Sub-Fund's financial performance.

The risks and respective risk management policies employed by the Sub-Fund to manage these risks are discussed below.

#### **(a) Market risk**

##### **(i) Foreign exchange risk**

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Sub-Fund's overall currency positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

As at 31 March 2019 and 2018, the Sub-Fund was not exposed to significant foreign currency risk. The majority of assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB, which is the functional currency of the Sub-Fund.

##### **(ii) Price risk**

Market price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Those changes may be caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or factors affecting all instruments in the market.

The Sub-Fund may trade in financial instruments, taking positions in traded and over-the-counter instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of market movements.

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Manager makes investments in accordance with the provisions and specific limits as stated in the Trust Deed. The Sub-Fund's overall market positions are monitored on a daily basis by the Manager.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

##### (a) Market risk (Continued)

##### (ii) Price risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2019 and 2018, the Sub-Fund's overall market exposures and estimated market sensitivity were as follows:

	Percentage change		Estimated impact on net assets	
	2019	2018	2019 RMB	2018 RMB
FTSE Value-Stocks China A-Share Index	+/-20%	+/-20%	+/-21,148,673	+/-21,338,873

##### (iii) Interest rate risk

The majority of the Sub-Fund's financial assets and liabilities are non-interest-bearing. As a result, the Sub-Fund is not subject to significant risk due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates.

##### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty will be unable or unwilling to meet a commitment that it has entered into with the Sub-Fund. Potential credit risk to the Sub-Fund principally relates to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, cash and cash equivalents and other receivables.

The Sub-Fund limits its exposure to credit risk by transacting the majority of its securities and contractual commitment activities with broker-dealers, banks and regulated exchanges with high credit ratings or good reputation, and that the Manager considers to be well established. All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved and reputable brokers. The risk of default is considered to be minimal since delivery of securities sold is only made when the broker has made payment. In a purchase, payment is made when the securities have been delivered by the broker. If either party fails to meet its obligation, the trade will fail. Accordingly, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (Continued)

The table below shows the major counterparties at the end of the reporting period. The credit ratings are issued by Standard & Poor's:

Counterparty	Credit rating		2019 RMB	2018 RMB
	2019	2018		
Bank A	AA-	AA-	63,222	88,558
Bank B	AA-	AA-	4,137	171,993
PRC Custodian A	A+	AA-	105,745,858	106,770,401

#### (c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in settling a liability or selling a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The Manager monitors the liquidity of the Sub-Fund by conducting liquidity testing on the investment portfolio on a monthly and ad-hoc basis.

The Sub-Fund's equity investments are considered to be readily realisable under normal market conditions as they are all listed on the Stock Exchange. The Manager considers that the amount of the suspended list equity investments as at 31 March 2019 is relatively insignificant compared to the net asset value of the Sub-Fund.

The Sub-Fund is exposed to daily redemption of units. The Manager considered that there is no significant liquidity risk on redemption of units. The contractual maturity of all other liabilities is less than one year.

#### (d) Concentration risk

The SFC Code allows the Sub-Fund to invest in constituent securities issued by a single issuer for more than 10% of the Sub-Fund's net asset value provided that:

- (a) the investment is limited to any constituent securities that each accounts for more than 10% of the weighting of the index; and
- (b) the Sub-Fund's holding of any such constituent securities may not exceed their respective weightings in the index, except where weightings are exceeded as a result of changes in the composition of the indices and the excess is only transitional and temporary in nature.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 4. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

##### (d) Concentration risk (Continued)

Constituent securities that account for more than 10% of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund were as follows:

	Respective weighting in the tracked index	Respective weighting in the Sub-Fund's net asset value
<b>As at 31 March 2019</b>		
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	10.22%	10.25%
<b>As at 31 March 2018</b>		
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	11.19%	11.13%

#### 5. NET GAINS FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2019 RMB	2018 RMB
Net realised (losses)/gains	(3,047,068)	4,312,092
Change in unrealised gains/losses	<u>5,953,958</u>	<u>8,556,944</u>
	<u><u>2,906,890</u></u>	<u><u>12,869,036</u></u>

#### 6. TAXATION

##### Hong Kong

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made in the financial statements as the income of the Sub-Fund is exempt from taxation under Section 26A(1A) of the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance.

##### People's Republic of China ("PRC")

In preparing these financial statements, the Manager has made certain assumptions and used various estimates concerning the tax exposure which is dependent on what might happen in the future. The resulting accounting estimates may not equal the related actual results.

Under PRC laws and regulations, foreign investors (such as the Sub-Fund) may be subject to a 10% withholding tax on income (such as dividend and interest) imposed on securities issued by PRC tax resident enterprises.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 6. TAXATION (Continued)

#### People's Republic of China ("PRC") (Continued)

##### *Distribution tax*

A 10% PRC withholding tax has been levied on dividend and interest payments from PRC companies to foreign investors. As such, the RQFII holder will pass on this tax liability to the Sub-Fund in the form of distribution tax and therefore the Sub-Fund is subject to a distribution tax of 10%. There is no assurance that the rate of the distribution tax will not be changed by the PRC tax authorities in the future. The distribution tax for the year ended 31 March 2019 was RMB310,570 (2018: RMB373,139).

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<i>RMB</i>	<i>RMB</i>
Withholding tax on cash dividends	310,253	371,351
Withholding tax on non-cash dividends	317	1,788
	310,570	373,139

##### *Capital gains tax*

In view of the "Notice on the issues of temporary exemption from the imposition of corporate income tax arising from gains from the transfer of equity investment assets such as PRC domestic stocks by Qualified Foreign Institutional Investor ("QFII") and RQFII" ("關於QFII和RQFII取得中國境內的股票等權益性投資資產轉讓所得暫免徵收企業所得稅問題的通告") Caishui [2014] No.79 (the "Notice") issued by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC (the "MoF"), the State Administration of Taxation of the PRC ("SAT") and the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC"), no provision for capital gains tax was made for the year ended 31 March 2019 and the year ended 31 March 2018.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Sub-Fund entered into the following material related party transactions for the period. All such transactions were entered into in the ordinary course of business and on normal commercial terms.

##### (a) Management fees

The Sub-Fund appointed the Manager, an investment management company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the investment strategy as specified in the Trust Deed. For the period from 1 April 2017 to 30 April 2017, the Manager was entitled to receive management fees of 0.70% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. With effect from 1 May 2017, the management fee was reduced to 0.10% per annum of the net asset value in accordance with the announcement dated 24 April 2017. The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears. Management fees of RMB97,577 (2018: RMB192,910) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2019 management fees were payable of RMB31,044 (as at 31 March 2018: RMB38,937).

##### (b) Trustee, registrar and custodian fees

The Sub-Fund appointed the Trustee, a registered trust company incorporated in Hong Kong, to implement the responsibilities as specified in the Trust Deed. Trustee, registrar and custodian fees pertain to the amounts charged by the Trustee and The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited (“the Custodian”) and HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited (the “RQFII Custodian”) as safe keeping and custodian fees, respectively. The Trustee pays the custodian fees (if any) of the Custodian and PRC Custodian. Such fees shall not be borne by the Sub-Fund.

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Asia) Limited (the “Trustee”) is entitled to receive trustee and registrar fees of 0.10% per annum of the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. For the period from 1 April 2018 to 30 April 2018, the trustee fee was waived (2018: 11 months waived). For the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019, the minimum fee requirement of RMB31,050 per month was waived (2018: RMB30,000 per month). The fees are accrued daily and calculated as at each dealing day and payable monthly in arrears.

The Trustee is also entitled to receive service fees of HK\$5,000 (2018: HK\$5,000) per month. Trustee and registrar fees of RMB88,381 (2018: RMB11,070) were charged to profit or loss during the year. Included in liabilities as at 31 March 2019 were trustee and registrar fees payable of RMB8,293 (as at 31 March 2018: nil).

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

**7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)**

**(c) Transactions/balances with the group company of the Trustee**

The Sub-Fund maintains interest-bearing bank accounts with Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited and HSBC Bank (China) Company Limited, which are the intermediate holding company of the Trustee and RQFII Custodian. Information relating to the bank accounts is set out below:

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<i>RMB</i>	<i>RMB</i>
Cash and cash equivalents as at the year end date		
Bank A	63,222	88,558
Bank B	4,137	171,993
	67,359	260,551
Bank charges for the year	167	156

**(d) Manager's and its related parties' holdings in the Sub-Fund**

Units held by the related parties of the Manager as at 31 March 2019 and 2018 are listed below:

	<b>Number of units</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye <sup>i</sup>	1,000,000	1,000,000

*i Dato' Seri Cheah Cheng Hye is a director of the Manager*

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS/TRANSACTIONS WITH THE TRUSTEE, THE MANAGER AND THEIR CONNECTED PERSONS (Continued)

##### (e) Creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund

The Manager and the Trustee entered into a participating agreement with participating dealers to effect applications for creation and redemption of the Sub-Fund. The holding in the Sub-Fund by a related party of the Trustee and the Custodian for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018 were as follows:

	Units outstanding at 1 April 2018	Units subscribed/ transferred in	Units redeemed/ transferred out	Total units at 31 March 2019
2019				
Bank A	<u>9,000,000</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>9,000,000</u>
	Units outstanding at 1 April 2017	Units subscribed/ transferred in	Units redeemed/ transferred out	Total units at 31 March 2018
2018				
Bank A	<u>9,000,000</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>9,000,000</u>

#### 8. REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE

	Number of units	
	2019	2018
At the beginning of the year	16,000,000	22,000,000
Redemption of redeemable units	<u>(500,000)</u>	<u>(6,000,000)</u>
At the end of the year	<u>15,500,000</u>	<u>16,000,000</u>

The rights attaching to each unit are as follows:

The holders of the units have the right to receive notice of, attend and vote at meetings of the Sub-Fund, and are entitled to receive all dividends declared and paid by the Sub-Fund.

Any distributable profits of the Sub-Fund may be accumulated or distributed by the Manager, in its absolute discretion. Where distributions are made, the distributable amounts are allocated rateably among the unitholders of the relevant class in accordance with the number of units of the relevant class held by the unitholders respectively on the final record date.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 8. REDEEMABLE UNITS IN ISSUE (Continued)

The Sub-Fund does not have any externally imposed capital requirements.

In accordance with the Trust Deed, the net assets of the Sub-Fund are computed at last traded prices of the underlying financial instruments for the purpose of calculating redemption amounts of the redeemable units.

### 9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS

	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
	<i>RMB</i>	<i>RMB</i>
<b>Amount available for distribution at the beginning of the year</b>	603,962	501,875
	-----	-----
Dividend income	3,102,528	3,620,226
Withholding tax	(310,570)	(373,139)
	-----	-----
	2,791,958	3,247,087
	-----	-----
<b>Distributions to unitholders</b>	<u>(2,635,000)</u>	<u>(3,145,000)</u>
	-----	-----
<b>Amount available for distribution carried forward</b>	<u>760,920</u>	<u>603,962</u>
	-----	-----
<b>Distribution history</b>		
Distribution per unit	RMB0.17	RMB0.17
Date of distribution	28 December 2018	29 December 2017

### 10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION

The Sub-Fund's financial instruments are carried at fair value on the statement of financial position. Usually the fair value of the financial instruments can be reliably determined within a reasonable range of estimates. For certain other financial instruments, including accounts payable and accrued expenses, the carrying amounts approximate to their fair values due to the immediate or short-term nature of these financial instruments.

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (Continued)

##### (a) Financial instruments carried at fair value

The following table presents the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in IFRS 13, with the fair value of the financial instruments categorised in its entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to that fair value measurement. The levels are defined in Note 2(d) (iv) to the financial statements.

	2019 RMB	2018 RMB
<b>Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss:</b>		
Listed equity securities	<u>105,745,858</u>	<u>106,770,401</u>

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Sub-Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value as at the reporting date.

	Level 1 RMB	Level 2 RMB	Level 3 RMB	Total RMB
<b>As at 31 March 2019</b>				
Listed equity securities	<u>105,745,858</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>105,745,858</u>
<b>As at 31 March 2018</b>				
Listed equity securities	<u>105,267,251</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>1,503,150</u>	<u>106,770,401</u>

As at 31 March 2018, investments amounting to RMB1,503,150 represented two suspended listed equity securities. The Manager considered that the amount of the Level 3 investments was not significant to the Sub-Fund, changes in the inputs to the valuation models did not have a significant effect on the net asset value of the Sub-Fund. No quantitative analysis has been presented. As at 31 March 2019, the Sub-Fund did not hold any suspended listed equity securities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (Continued)

#### (a) Financial instruments carried at fair value (Continued)

The table below summarises the key unobservable inputs adopted by the Manager in determining the fair value of the suspended listed equity securities.

	Fair value <i>RMB</i>	Valuation technique	Unobservable input	Sensitivity of the input to fair value
<b>As at 31 March 2018</b>				
Suspended listed equity securities	1,503,150	Last traded price of underlying securities	–	N/A

During the years ended 31 March 2019 and 31 March 2018, there were transfers of investments between Level 1 and Level 3 due to resumption and suspensions of trading.

#### Transfers between Level 1 and Level 3

As at 31 March 2018, the Sub-Fund reclassified two listed equity securities, amounting to RMB1,503,150 from Level 1 to Level 3 due to suspension of trading. These suspended equity securities are (1) Hainan Airlines Holding Co Ltd (stock code: 600221) and (2) Lomon Billions Group Co Ltd (stock code: 002601).

During the year ended 31 March 2019, these listed equity securities resumed trading from suspension and were reclassified from Level 3 to Level 1. These listed equity securities were partially disposed of during the year ended 31 March 2019. As at 31 March 2019, the Sub-Fund had no suspended listed equity securities.

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 10. FAIR VALUE INFORMATION (Continued)

##### Transfers between Level 1 and Level 3 (Continued)

The following table presents the movement in Level 3 investments for the year. The transfer between Level 1 and Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy was deemed to have occurred at the end of the reporting period.

	<b>2019</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>2018</b> <i>RMB</i>
Opening balance	1,503,150	–
Transfer from Level 1 to Level 3	–	1,486,397
Unrealised gains	–	16,753
Transfer out of Level 3 to Level 1	<u>(1,503,150)</u>	<u>–</u>
Closing balance	<u>–</u>	<u>1,503,150</u>
Change in unrealised gains for the year included in the statement of comprehensive income for the investments held at the end of the year	<u>–</u>	<u>16,753</u>

#### 11. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Manager makes strategic resource allocation and assesses performance on behalf of the Sub-Fund and has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed which are used to make strategic decisions.

The Manager considers that the Sub-Fund has a single operating segment which is investing in a diversified portfolio of equity securities with the objective as stated in the investment objective and policies of the Sub-Fund.

The segment information provided to the Manager is the same as that disclosed in the statement of comprehensive income and the statement of financial position.

The Sub-Fund is established and domiciled in Hong Kong. The majority of the Sub-Fund's investment income was derived from its investments domiciled in the PRC for the years ended 31 March 2019 and 2018.

The Sub-Fund had no assets classified as non-current as at 31 March 2019 and 2018.



## **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)**

### **12. SOFT COMMISSION ARRANGEMENTS**

The Manager and/or any company associated with it and its delegates may enter into soft dollars/commission sharing arrangements with brokers through which brokerage transactions are entered into on behalf of clients under management. The Manager may receive, and are entitled to retain, research products and services (known as soft dollar benefits) which are of demonstrable benefit to the Sub-Fund (as may be permitted under applicable rules and regulations) from brokers and other persons through whom investment transactions are carried out (the “brokers”). Soft dollars may be received from them provided that the quality of transaction execution is consistent with best execution standards and brokerage rates are not in excess of the customary full-service brokerage rates.

Such soft dollar benefits may include research and advisory services; economic and political analysis; portfolio analysis, including valuation and performance measurement; market analysis, data and quotation services and software incidental to the above goods and services; clearing and custodian services and investment related publications. For the avoidance of doubt, soft dollar benefits do not include travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods and services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employee salaries or direct money payments.

The Manager will consider many judgemental factors deemed relevant in determining whether a broker will provide the best execution. In general, investment orders will be allocated to brokers based on the range and overall quality of services offered by the broker. The core factors in determining the quality of services are the execution performance and capability of the broker. Other factors, such as the quality and quantity of research and investment ideas offered, access to potential investee companies and commission rate charges, would also be taken into consideration. Soft dollar benefits received from brokers should not be a determinant factor on allocating orders among brokers. The Manager has implemented policies and procedures to ensure that transactions executed with brokers pursuant to a soft dollar commission sharing arrangement are conducted in the best execution standard. Soft dollar benefits received by the Manager are used to facilitate in the Manager’s investment management process and such benefits assist the Manager in fulfilling its overall duty to clients and may be used in servicing any or all of the Manager’s client accounts over which the Manager exercises investment discretion. The Manager does not usually attempt to allocate/attribute the soft dollar benefits to individual client account, as goods and services obtained may be beneficial to all clients in general, including those client accounts that do not generate credit to acquire the soft dollar benefits.

### **13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES**

The Sub-Fund applied, for the first time, certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2018.

The nature and the impact of each new standard and amendment are described below:

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

##### IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments*

The Sub-Fund adopted IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* on 1 April 2018. IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement* and introduces new requirements for classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting. IFRS 9 is not applicable to items that have already been derecognised at 1 April 2018, the date of initial application.

##### (a) *Classification and measurement*

The Sub-Fund has assessed the classification of financial instruments as at the date of initial application and has applied such classification retrospectively. Based on that assessment:

- All financial assets previously held at fair value continue to be measured at fair value.
- Equity instruments are acquired for the purpose of generating short-term profit. Therefore, they meet the held-for-trading criteria and are required to be measured at FVPL.
- Financial assets previously classified as loans and receivables are held to collect contractual cash flows and give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest. Thus, such instruments continue to be measured at amortised cost under IFRS 9.
- The classification of financial liabilities under IFRS 9 remains broadly the same as under IAS 39. The main impact on measurement from the classification of liabilities under IFRS 9 relates to the element of gains or losses for financial liabilities designated as at FVPL attributable to changes in credit risk. IFRS 9 requires that such element be recognised in other comprehensive income (“OCI”), unless this treatment creates or enlarges an accounting mismatch in profit or loss, in which case, all gains and losses on that liability (including the effects of changes in credit risk) should be presented in profit or loss. The Sub-Fund has not designated any financial liabilities at FVPL. Therefore, this requirement has not had any impact on the Sub-Fund.

##### (b) *Impairment*

IFRS 9 requires the Sub-Fund to record expected credit losses (“ECLs”) on all of its debt securities, loans and trade receivables, either on a 12-month or lifetime basis. Given the limited exposure of the Sub-fund to credit risk, this amendment has not had a material impact on the financial statements. The Sub-Fund only holds trade receivables with no financing component and that have maturities of less than 12 months at amortised cost. Therefore, it has adopted an approach similar to the simplified approach to ECLs.

##### (c) *Hedge accounting*

The Sub-Fund has not applied hedge accounting under IAS 39 nor will it apply hedge accounting under IFRS 9.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

#### IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (Continued)

##### *Impact of adoption of IFRS 9*

The classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 have been adopted retrospectively as of the date of initial application on 1 April 2018. However, the Sub-Fund has chosen to take advantage of the option not to restate comparatives. Therefore, the 2018 figures are presented and measured under IAS 39. The following table shows the original measurement categories in accordance with IAS 39 and the new measurement categories under IFRS 9 for the Sub-Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities as at 1 April 2018:

##### *Financial assets*

1 April 2018	IAS 39 classification	IAS 39 measurement RMB	IFRS 9 classification	IFRS 9 measurement RMB
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	106,770,401	Fair value through profit or loss	106,770,401
Prepayments and other receivables	Loans and receivables	16,406	Amortised cost	16,406
Cash and cash equivalents	Loans and receivables	260,551	Amortised cost	260,551

##### *Financial liabilities*

1 April 2018	IAS 39 classification	IAS 39 measurement RMB	IFRS 9 classification	IFRS 9 measurement RMB
Audit fees payable	Other financial liabilities	102,680	Amortised cost	102,680
Management fees payable	Other financial liabilities	38,937	Amortised cost	38,937
Other payables	Other financial liabilities	254,099	Amortised cost	254,099

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

#### 13. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (Continued)

##### IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* (Continued)

###### *Impact of adoption of IFRS 9 (Continued)*

In line with the characteristics of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments as well as its approach to their management, the Sub-Fund neither revoked nor made any new designations on the date of initial application. IFRS 9 has not resulted in changes in the carrying amount of the Sub-Fund's financial instruments due to changes in measurement categories. All financial assets that were classified as fair value through profit or loss under IAS 39 are still classified as fair value through profit or loss under IFRS 9. All financial assets were classified as loans and receivables and continue to be measured at amortised cost.

In addition, the application of the ECL model under IFRS 9 has not significantly changed the carrying amounts of the Sub-Fund's amortised cost financial assets. The carrying amounts of instruments at amortised cost continued to approximate these instruments' fair values on the date of transition after transitioning to IFRS 9.

##### IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*

The Sub-Fund adopted IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* on 1 April 2018. IFRS 15 replaces IAS 18 *Revenue* and establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. In addition, guidance on interest and dividend income has been moved from IAS 18 to IFRS 9 without significant changes to the requirements. Therefore, there was no impact of adopting IFRS 15 on the Sub-Fund.

#### 14. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The Sub-Fund has not early applied any of the new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective for the accounting year ended 31 March 2019, in these financial statements.

#### 15. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Manager and the Trustee on 19 July 2019.

**VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)**INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED)**

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Holdings	Fair value RMB	% of net assets
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS</b>			
<b>Listed Equity Securities</b>			
<b>China</b>			
Agricultural Bank of China Ltd A Shrs	1,277,200	4,763,956	4.52
AVIC Capital Co Ltd A Shrs	140,600	830,946	0.79
Bank of Beijing Co Ltd A Shrs	423,400	2,625,080	2.49
Bank of China Ltd A Shrs	702,600	2,648,802	2.51
Bank of Communications Co Ltd A Shrs	667,400	4,164,576	3.95
Bank of Nanjing Co Ltd A Shrs	152,740	1,208,173	1.15
Bank of Ningbo Co Ltd A Shrs	54,100	1,149,084	1.09
Bank of Shanghai Co Ltd A Shrs	152,060	1,821,679	1.73
China CITIC Bank Corp Ltd A Shrs	90,800	571,132	0.54
China Communications Construction Co Ltd A Shrs	47,000	587,970	0.56
China Everbright Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	464,500	1,904,450	1.81
China Grand Automotive Service Group Co Ltd A Shrs	77,800	412,340	0.39
China Merchants Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	318,500	10,803,520	10.25
China Minsheng Banking Corp Ltd A Shrs	921,903	5,844,865	5.54
China Pacific Insurance (Group) Co Ltd A Shrs	83,800	2,852,552	2.71
China Shenhua Energy Co Ltd A Shrs	66,000	1,294,260	1.23
China State Construction Engineering Corp Ltd A Shrs	560,120	3,427,934	3.25
China Vanke Co Ltd A Shrs	215,600	6,623,232	6.28
CITIC Securities Co Ltd A Shrs	259,100	6,420,498	6.09
Daqin Railway Co Ltd A Shrs	178,400	1,487,856	1.41
Dong-E-E-Jiao Co Ltd A Shrs	16,300	773,435	0.73
Dongxu Optoelectronic Technology Co Ltd A Shrs	121,400	733,256	0.70
FangDa Carbon New Material Co Ltd A Shrs	25,700	580,563	0.55
Gemdale Corp A Shrs	94,800	1,303,500	1.24
Goertek Inc A Shrs	53,000	556,500	0.53
Guotai Junan Securities Co Ltd A Shrs	110,200	2,220,530	2.11
Haitong Securities Co Ltd A Shrs	199,600	2,800,388	2.66
Henan Shuanghui Investment & Development Co Ltd A Shrs	28,300	731,555	0.69
HLA Corp Ltd A Shrs	46,400	453,328	0.43
Huaxia Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	189,772	1,565,619	1.48
Industrial Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	461,886	8,392,469	7.96

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (UNAUDITED) (Continued)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

	Holdings	Fair value RMB	% of net assets
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)</b>			
<b>Listed Equity Securities (Continued)</b>			
<i>China (Continued)</i>			
Jiangsu Zhongtian Technology Co Ltd A Shrs	59,000	587,050	0.56
Lomon Billions Group Co Ltd A Shrs	36,500	588,380	0.56
LONGi Green Energy Technology Co Ltd A Shrs	46,900	1,224,090	1.16
Oriental Pearl Group Co Ltd A Shrs	48,020	593,047	0.56
Ping An Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	240,360	3,081,415	2.92
SAIC Motor Corp Ltd A Shrs	90,360	2,355,685	2.23
Shaanxi Coal Industry Co Ltd A Shrs	70,000	623,700	0.59
Shandong Hualu-Hengsheng Chemical Co Ltd A Shrs	35,200	538,208	0.51
Shanghai International Port (Group) Co Ltd A Shrs	100,500	730,635	0.69
Shanghai Pudong Development Bank Co Ltd A Shrs	479,488	5,408,625	5.13
Shenwan Hongyuan Group Co Ltd A Shrs	210,400	1,161,408	1.10
Shenzhen Overseas Chinese Town Co Ltd A Shrs	98,500	758,450	0.72
Sichuan Chuantou Energy Co Ltd A Shrs	73,342	684,281	0.65
TBEA Co Ltd A Shrs	98,500	815,580	0.77
Weichai Power Co Ltd A Shrs	141,300	1,674,405	1.58
Xinjiang Goldwind Science & Technology Co Ltd A Shrs	73,185	1,064,842	1.01
Youngor Group Co Ltd A Shrs	65,700	598,527	0.57
Zhengzhou Yutong Bus Co Ltd A Shrs	41,300	554,659	0.53
Zijin Mining Group Co Ltd A Shrs	327,300	1,148,823	1.08
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>		105,745,858	100.29
Cash and cash equivalents		67,359	0.06
Other net liabilities		(377,596)	(0.35)
<b>Total net assets</b>		<u>105,435,621</u>	<u>100.00</u>
<b>Total investments, at cost</b>		<u>97,623,873</u>	

**VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF**A Sub-Fund of Value Partners ETFs Trust  
(A Hong Kong Umbrella Unit Trust)**STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS IN PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS (UNAUDITED)**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

	% of net assets	
	2019	2018
<b>FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS</b>		
<b>Listed Equity Securities</b>		
China	100.29	100.11
<b>Total financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	100.29	100.11
Cash and cash equivalents	0.06	0.24
Other net liabilities	(0.35)	(0.35)
<b>Total net assets</b>	100.00	100.00

## VALUE CHINA A-SHARE ETF

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### PERFORMANCE RECORD (UNAUDITED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

#### Net asset value

	<b>Net asset value per unit</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>Net asset value</b> <i>RMB</i>
As at 31 March 2019	6.8023	105,435,621
As at 31 March 2018	6.6657	106,651,642
As at 31 March 2017	6.1759	135,869,659

#### Highest and lowest net asset value per unit

	<b>Highest net asset value per unit</b> <i>RMB</i>	<b>Lowest net asset value per unit</b> <i>RMB</i>
Year ended 31 March 2019	6.9588	5.5105
Year ended 31 March 2018	7.7122	5.9762
Year ended 31 March 2017	6.6527	5.6209
Period ended 31 March 2016	9.0835	5.3097